

# NUUANU WATER NOT FIT TO DRINK

(From Wednesday's Advertiser.)

"Nuuanu water is not, and, in my opinion, never will be fit for human consumption. The government has absolutely no defense to make. I have tried to show the people of Honolulu for a long time that the water is not drinkable. I have shown them by lectures and by throwing on a screen pictures of the bugs to be found in the water."—Superintendent of Public Works Campbell.

This sweeping condemnation of the water in what is generally supposed to be the future main reservoir of the city's water system was made yesterday afternoon by the Superintendent of Public Works, after he had been shown one of the several recent communications on the subject of water and mud received at this office.

Mr. Campbell wants to see installed a pumping plant for the artesian system, with power supplied from the Nuuanu reservoir water, and, in the opinion of some, his condemnation of the surface water supply may be taken as an added effort to support his contention that Honolulu's only hope of a pure water supply rests in the subterranean springs. There is undeniable mud in the Nuuanu mains, however, mud that makes clear the reasons for Mr. Campbell's words, whatever it may do to the water.

## Artesian Supply Short Now.

"I am only sorry that I can't supply to everybody artesian water, but I can't do it with the resources at the command of the department," he said. "What I want to do is to use the 7,000,000 or 8,000,000 gallons a day with a head of 250 feet to pump artesian water. When we get the money to do it, there will be no complaint to be made about the water supply of Honolulu. But we can't do it until the people realize that they must stand together in the matter, organize themselves into a sort of neighborhood company, you might say."

## Regular Shortage.

"For twelve years there has been a shortage of Nuuanu water every dry spell. The legislature was asked every session to remedy the matter, but nothing was done. All the reserve we have now is what is in the three little reservoirs—about 40,000 gallons—only a drop in the bucket."

"If we had to depend entirely upon Nuuanu water now, we should have about three days' supply on hand—that's all."

"But we are supplying part of the city with artesian water. We ought to supply the entire city with that water, but we can't under present circumstances. I am very sorry to be obliged to turn Nuuanu water into the city mains, but it can't be helped. I don't claim that it is fit to use; it isn't."

## Nuuanu Dam Nearly Finished.

"As to the Nuuanu dam, that is going ahead very satisfactorily. There remains only about 20,000 cubic yards of earth to be filled in. When that is in, there will be 250,000 cubic yards of dirt in the earth fill. That's a whole lot of earth, let me tell you. And at the rate of progress made last month, when we put in no less than 19,000 cubic yards, you can see that it won't be long until the fill is completed. The dam is already above what will be the level of the water when it is filled. As soon as the earth fill is completed, we will commence the work of clearing and riprapping, and that will not take long. As the riprapping goes up the water will be let into the reservoir."

## Lake Will Form.

Asked as to the chances of the dam's filling, Mr. Campbell expressed entire confidence on that score. "We have lost during the past few months," he said, "enough water to fill the dam once and a half times. That was all from the little freshets, not from big storms. And the dam is intended to hold the storm waters. There will be no trouble about filling the dam, once it is completed."

"There is now about six and a half feet of water in Reservoir No. 4. This is being used for sluicing purposes, the same water being used over and over again. This is possible because the dam is now 2500 feet long and the dirt carrying water that runs in at one end is purified before it reaches the other. This is not possible when the dam was shorter. Then the water that came out was too slushy and could not be used over."

"We are doing the best we can with the resources at our command. If the people of Honolulu want better water, it's up to them. They can get it if they will put up for it. That's what I've been trying for for considerably more than a year."

## Beyond Description.

The communication to The Advertiser, upon which Mr. Campbell based his remarks, came unsigned. Under ordinary circumstances it would not be published for that reason, but is given below to make more clear the conditions referred to. It is as follows:

Editor Advertiser:—Much has been said in these columns regarding the Nuuanu water and yet nothing is being done by those in authority to improve the situation. The water from Nuuanu these last few days was something beyond description. It is certainly a thousand times worse than tap-water. Roughly estimating, I think the people using the Nuuanu water are getting two inches of dirt for every gallon of water between the

# INQUISITORS INDICT MANY

(From Thursday's Advertiser.)

The federal grand jury, which is busy investigating into alleged violations of the laws of the United States, has found several true bills and the indictments will probably be returned into court some time today. Ten or a dozen cases have already been investigated, and in most instances indictments, it is known, have been found.

The most important matter before the inquisitors yesterday was the alleged violation of the postal money order laws. Nine or ten persons, mostly Japanese, are charged with this offense.

## Moonshiners Under Fire.

The Japanese illicit distilling case, which some time ago caused considerable of a row on Kauai when it was charged that the county officials had allowed the defendant to forfeit his bail so the county could get the money, is also on the list for the grand jury's consideration. The defendant, Toyofuka, was arrested for selling liquor without a license, although it also appeared that he had been illicitly manufacturing the booze he sold. He was released on bail, and his case was continuously postponed until after July first, when the new law giving the county all the fines and costs went into effect.

The federal authorities heard of the case and United States District Attorney Breckons and Marshal Hendry went over to Kauai. Although the county authorities said the man had forfeited his bail and escaped, the federal officials found him at his own home within two hours from the time they landed, and put him under arrest. It was charged at that time that the moonshiner was being protected by the county officials so they could get the bail money for the county instead of having the fine go to the Territory, as it would have done had the man been tried and convicted before July 1.

## Indecent Postals.

Another important matter which the grand jury is going into is that of the mailing of obscene postcards and other matter. A considerable number of Japanese are charged with this disgusting offense, and a bunch of indictments on that count is expected.

The case of Captain Tollefson and the schooner Rainbow has not yet been gone into, although the witnesses in the case have been subpoenaed and have been occupying chairs in the corridor, waiting to be called to give their testimony.

# JAPAN DEMANDED CRANE'S RECALL

Rumor in Peking Credits Tokio With Hand in Troubles of Diplomat.

(By Associated Press.)

PEKING, October 14.—Japan requested the recall of Minister Crane. This is the report current here in well informed circles and it is generally accepted by those in close touch with affairs. Crane's utterances were very distasteful to the Tokio authorities and it is generally believed here that representations were made to Washington that the presence of Mr. Crane in the Orient would not be desirable.

The whole affair has caused considerable talk here. The recall of Crane to Washington caused more than a little surprise, and the report, coming on top of that, that the recall was brought about through the interference of the Japanese authorities has set the gossips to talking.

## PRIMARY BALLOT IS BEING RECOUNTED

(By Associated Press.)

SAN FRANCISCO, October 14.—Yesterday the work of recounting the votes cast in the recent Democratic primary was begun. The recount was ordered at the instigation of Fickert, the defeated candidate for the district attorneyship on the Democratic ticket. Fickert made the claim that he was not fairly treated and insisted that the ballots should be gone over again.

Fickert's supporters are confident that their candidate was the choice of the Democratic party and are very confident as to the outcome of the recount. Should Fickert's claims prove well founded, the claimant will be declared the regular nominee of the Democratic party for the district attorneyship.

## ITALIAN CRUISER IS AT SAN FRANCISCO

(By Associated Press.)

SAN FRANCISCO, October 13.—Italy is represented here by the cruiser Calabria. The man-of-war, which comes to attend the Portola festival, arrived yesterday.

hours of five and eight in the morning and three to seven at night. In other words, if the Nuuanu water was taken and run into the Waikiki swamps, it will take about fifteen years to fill this place with good mountain soil.

As there is some talk of an extra session of the legislature, it might be well for the government to consider this very important need of the people of Honolulu. Those who are being supplied with water from artesian wells, have little or no complaint to make, but the others ought to get together and bring the matter before the proper authorities, and if the government has not the money to give us better water, then it is up to us to form a water company and buy the Nuuanu springs. I understand that millions of gallons a day of pure water is going to waste, the frogs in the tar-patches getting the benefit, and yet we who are paying for our water are getting dirt on the side.

# DEADLY STUFF IS SOLD AS WHISKY

(From Thursday's Advertiser.)

Concentrated fury is being sold in Honolulu under the guise of whisky. Some of the stuff is labeled imitation or artificial whisky and is sold as such, but in other instances fearsome concoctions are being dispensed without any pretense at explaining the true nature of the product.

It is charged that fusel-oil in large quantities is being used to make up the mixture that passes muster as whisky in the cheap saloons. Fusel-oil is the volatile oil formed in the distillation of certain kinds of whisky and its chief legitimate use is in the manufacture of horse liniments. This oil is rank poison and taken even in small quantities produces headaches, unnatural thirst and other disagreeable symptoms.

In the manufacture of certain of the imitation whiskies, this oil is added in order to supply the whisky effect. Alcohol, of varying purity, supplies the intoxicating element, burned sugar furnishes the color, and sundry other wonderful elements mixed up make the finished compound.

## Wholesale and Retail.

Where this mixture is sold by reputable wholesalers, and there are some wholesalers generally classed as reputable who are dispensing the stuff, the barrels are labeled in such a way as to make it plain that the genuine distilled article is not within. But in the low-class saloons that infest certain parts of the city this stuff is being served as bar whisky, with the result that the patrons of the resorts in question are fed almost pure poison.

## Carries Death With It.

Several deaths that have followed prolonged sprees have been directly traceable to the imitation whisky procured from low-class saloons. Once a man becomes intoxicated from drinking the imitation whisky, there is no telling where he will end up. The great predominance of fusel-oil provides a thirst of ever increasing intensity, while the impure alcohol goads the unfortunate one into all sorts of excesses.

As long as the mixture is sold as imitation whisky there seems to be scant opportunity for the officials to get hold of the dispensers. Under rectifier's licenses almost any mixture short of quick poison can be sold, and once the stuff leaves the rectifier it is pretty hard to make certain that the "imitation" label is not lost in the shuffle.

## Authorities Act.

A quantity of this stuff, drawn from a case marked imitation whisky, was sold to a spotter of the authorities Tuesday, as pure whisky. The man went in with a demijohn, ordered two and a half gallons of whisky, paid over his money, got the goods and left. An officer watching nearby stepped inside, seized the demijohn and the barrel, sealed them both and carted them away.

When asked last night concerning the occurrence, Inspector Fennell declined to deny or confirm the story. He admitted, however, that he is on the trail of wholesalers who are losing sight of the necessity for placing the word "imitation" upon goods that are not what they purport to be.

It is understood that the seized and sealed samples are in the hands of the territorial chemist and that a thorough analysis is being made to determine the actual composition of the mixture dispensed.

## Worse Than Swipes.

Much complaint has been made concerning the manufacture of what is known as swipes. This is made largely by the Japanese and Hawaiians, and those who drink it at least know what they are getting. The imitation whisky is manufactured by men who make a pretense of carrying on a legitimate business, and is purchased by persons who believe that they are getting the real distilled article.

In times past there have been charges of adulteration of case goods, bottled in bond. These goods carry the label of the United States, which is supposed to be a guarantee of purity. In many cases the label has been about the only evidence of purity connected with the stuff.

A very ingenious trick is worked in doctored this bonded whisky. Two hollow needles are driven down into the cork, and through one of these the contents of the bottle is sucked out while the other serves as an air inlet. When two-thirds or three-quarters of the contents of the bottle has been drawn out, the artificial whisky is pumped in to fill the bottle up. In this way, there is a clear gain of more than two-thirds, for the imitation whisky which is pumped back in place of that drawn out can be purchased wholesale at very little a gallon.

As far as is known, none of this adulterating is being carried on at this time, but some very suspicious libations are being poured from bottles bearing the labels of well-known firms. The ornamental bag bottles frequently contain compounds which defy classification.

The crusade against the swindling liquor dispensers will be prosecuted without let-up. The Federal authorities are anxious to learn whether or not the Pure Food law has been violated; the license commission would like to know a thing or two, and the police are anxious to stop the sale of the narcotic, for they are experiencing considerable trouble on account of the sale of brain-maddening stuff among the criminally inclined.

## WHY?

From a small beginning the sale and use of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has extended to all parts of the United States and to many foreign countries. Why? Because it has proved especially valuable for coughs and colds. For sale at all dealers. Beware of cheap imitations. Get the genuine. Co. Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

# FILIPINOS PAY HONOR TO QUEEN

(From Thursday's Advertiser.)

Never was a prettier or more appropriate tribute paid Her Majesty, Queen Liliuokalani, than that offered last evening when the Philippine Constabulary band marched out to Washington Place to play the Queen's own composition, Aloha Oe.

The Queen first received Captain Loving and Mr. Sellner, the manager of the band, who informed her that the men of the band had learned the piece from hearing it played while here last February; that each of the eighty-six men had written his own orchestral part for his individual instrument, and that they had asked to be allowed to render it for her.

Her Majesty thanked them in a most gracious manner, and Captain Loving stepped down, raised his hand, and the first notes of the plaintive melody of Aloha Oe were carried out among the palms. Her Majesty's face lighted up with a pleasant smile, and throughout the piece she sat with clasped hands, listening intently until the last note had died away, when she warmly applauded.

After the Hawaiian selection the Filipinos played a medley of their own native music, to which the Queen was an attentive listener, and, when the band struck up the Star Spangled Banner, Her Majesty was the first to arise. After the national anthem the boys stood with bared heads and courtesied to the Queen, who bade them a gracious aloha.

## Musicians Please All.

The band gave two concerts yesterday at the Orpheum, and the symphony orchestra will give a concert this afternoon, which promises to be quite a society event.

The program yesterday afternoon was made up of the request numbers, and showed that Honolulu's music-lovers are up in the very best in the music line, for the first half of the program closed with a Wagnerian selection, and the second half with one by Rubenstein. Each number called forth an encore; in fact, the encore numbers received the larger rounds of applause, especially Mendelssohn's Spring Song and La Paloma. But it was when the band struck up the opening airs of Aloha Oe that the audience rose to its feet to cheer.

The Philippine Constabulary band is conceded to be one of the greatest military bands in this country, a verdict in which Honolulu cordially agrees. Of the eighty-six members of the organization, each one plays as many as two instruments, the organization being a symphony orchestra as well as a brass band. These musically-gifted Filipinos have more than fulfilled the expectations of President Taft, through whose offices they were organized eight years ago, in the Philippines, while the President was governor-general of the islands.

Since taking the grand prize at the St. Louis exposition, the Filipinos have added one long, continuous string of laurels to their collection. They participated in the inaugural ceremonies at Washington, when, at the invitation of President Taft, they were his escort of honor from the White House to the Capitol. The members were again honored, the same day, in the parade and at the state dinners at the White House. The members of the band have become, as a matter of fact, known popularly as "The President's Pets."

Last evening the program included well-known compositions of Rossini, Grieg, Beethoven, Donizetti, Liszt, and Verdi.

# NIPPON WANTS HAND IN PIE

Insists on Being Consulted in Regard to Manchurian Railway Work.

(By Associated Press.)

PEKING, October 14.—Japan has submitted a letter to the Imperial Chinese government, stating that she will insist on her right to be taken into consultation in regard to all matters pertaining to the reconstruction and maintenance of the Manchurian railway. The letter was received here yesterday.

This has been one of the most points and the letter shows clearly that the Japanese intend to press their claim for consideration in all matters affecting Manchuria.

## ATKINSON ON HIS WAY BACK TO HAWAII

Bringing His Selected Russians for Oahu Plantations.

Immigration Commissioner Ivers received a cablegram on Tuesday announcing the departure of Special Agent A. L. C. Atkinson from Japan for Honolulu. It is presumed by the local immigration board members that the forty-seven Russian families selected by Mr. Atkinson in Siberia for settlers for Hawaii, are also on the way. The party is coming on the Pacific Mail S. S. Siberia.

## Bedford's Position.

At midnight Wednesday the British cruiser Bedford was in her position as follows: Latitude 18°10' N., longitude 158°10' W.

# TOURIST TRAFFIC PROSPECT BRIGHT

"Travel everywhere is increasing so fast the transportation companies are looking for big business and it is almost certain that there will be quite an increase in tourist travel to your beautiful islands. Naturally we try to send tourists there."

"This is an extract from a letter from R. Neidlinger, general agent of the Raymond-Whitcomb Excursion people at Chicago, in a request to Secretary Wood of the promotion committee for more literature on Hawaii."

The promotion committee mail this week contains many requests for detailed information concerning opportunities for earning salaries here. Carpenters and hotel men are asking about the situation and size of pay. Some young women in Los Angeles want to know the possibilities for trained nurses and stenographers. Other inquirers want to know about the family boarding houses and cottages, furnished and unfurnished, presumably for winter occupancy. A Santa Rosa, California, schoolteacher wants a lot of local literature for use in her school.

Acting Secretary Cooper has been advised by Harry Mist, designer of the 1910 floral parade poster, that the lot was to be shipped from Bremen on September 28. They will go to San Francisco via Tehuantepec, and coast distribution will be made from that city.

# PERSHING WOULD COMMAND HERE

"I hope that at some not far distant time I may be back in your hospitable city, either in command of the forces here or as a resident," said Brigadier-General Pershing yesterday, concluding a happy address made before the members of the Commercial Club, following the midday luncheon.

Brigadier-General Pershing was the guest of the club yesterday, although he stated that the pleasure of the occasion was taken away from a very large extent because he knew that he would be called upon to speak. As he illustrated this position of his with a witty story, he was only laughed at. There was not a large number of members present at yesterday's luncheon, but those who were there applauded the graceful welcome given the guest of honor by E. C. Brown, president of the club, and the tribute paid him as a soldier and comrade-in-arms by Brigadier-General Davis, U.S.A., retired, who introduced General Pershing to the members.

General Davis made a neat address when called upon by Mr. Brown, stating that he had been the one to recommend General Pershing for promotion at a time when the young commander was distinguishing himself against the Moros of Mindanao, being at that time the senior officer of a large force, although ranking only as a captain. At the time General Davis made the recommendation to Washington he was himself below the rank he recommended for Pershing.

"I do not believe that my recommendation brought about his promotion," said General Davis, "although he tells me that it did."

General Pershing replied by thanking the people of Honolulu, as represented by the members of the Commercial Club, for the welcome they had given on this and on former occasions. He referred briefly to the fact that the strategic importance of the Islands had been finally recognized by those in authority, as it had always been recognized by those who had studied the military situation of the country, and concluded by expressing the hope that some day he might be stationed here in command of the department of the Hawaiian Islands.

## DEPUTY AUDITOR H. C. MEYERS HAS RESIGNED

Leaves the Government Service After Long Term in Office.

Deputy Auditor H. C. Meyers yesterday tendered to the Governor his resignation, as it was stated in The Advertiser a month or more ago that he would.

Mr. Meyers has spent a long time in the government service and is recognized as one of the most industrious and efficient of the public servants. He is under no necessity of working any longer, and will probably retire from active business for the present, anyway.

Auditor Fisher, who went away with the rifle team and has since been traveling through the States, is expected to return on the Alameda tomorrow.

Governor Frazar has as yet not decided upon a successor to Mr. Meyers, and it is possible that there will be no new appointment but a readjustment of the work in the office with the present staff.

## NICARAGUA AGAIN IS IN GRASP OF REVOLT

(By Associated Press.)

BLUEFIELD, Nicaragua, October 13.—Nicaragua is again in the throes of revolution. Juan Estrada was yesterday chosen leader of the revolution by party and an attempt will be made to depose President Estrada. The revolution is strong and determined and serious trouble is feared.

# TROOPS CHARGE RIOTERS IN PARIS

(By Associated Press.)

PARIS, October 14.—Ten thousand persons yesterday took part in a demonstration when word was received from Barcelona that Francisco Ferrer, the great educator who was tried and convicted of being a revolutionist, had been executed.

News of the execution acted as the breath of wind which fanned the smouldering fires of revolt among the malcontents into a blaze. Soon the streets were alive with rioters. Bodies of desperate men and women marched along demanding vengeance for the killing of Ferrer. Gendarmes were powerless to preserve order.

Finally it became necessary to call out the troops, so desperate had the condition become. Bugles sounded through the city and soon the streets in the quarter where the trouble had broken out resounded to the beat of iron-shod hoofs. Even in the face of the soldiery the rioters did not falter. Repeated orders to disperse were unheeded.

Finally the officer in command of the troops gave the order to charge. The mounted men dashed down upon the struggling mass of rioters. Horsemen rode into the midst of the throng, men and women were trampled under foot. For a few minutes the scene was one of wild disorder. Then the rioters broke and the crisis was past.

# BISHOP ESTATE TURNED DOWN

The Bishop estate was turned down by the Governor yesterday in its claim to 6.5 acres of land in Manoa valley held by the Territory.

The estate some time ago, by its attorney, Judge Stanley, went to Attorney-General Hemenway and made the claim that the six and a half acre tract of land up Manoa, which the government has held ever since 1875, in reality belonged to it, and although it had slept on its rights for many years, it was now ready to take the land.

The attorney-general couldn't see it that way—and said so. But the attorney was not satisfied and wanted to go higher for an opinion. He did; the matter was referred to Governor Frazar and yesterday the Governor wrote a letter upholding Mr. Hemenway in every particular. The government will retain the land, the claim of the Bishop estate notwithstanding.

Lieut. Dennis P. Quinlan, U. S. A., who recently took his examination for admission to the bar, passed the examination creditably, and has been admitted to practice. His oath as an attorney was filed in the Supreme Court yesterday.

## COMET'S TAIL WILL DUST THE WORLD

CAMBRIDGE, Massachusetts, September 30.—The calculation of Frank E. Seagrave of Providence that Halley's comet will be nearest the earth on May 19, 1910, is confirmed by Rev. Father George Searle of New York, superior general of the Paulist fathers and widely known as an astronomer. Father Searle basis his calculations on observations made at the Lick observatory on September 12, 13 and 14, and on the elements given by Professors Cowell and Cromwell in March last.

Father Searle states that on May 23 the earth and the celebrated comet will be in heliocentric conjunction in longitude, the longitude being 236 degrees 48 minutes. The heliocentric latitude of the comet will be minus seven minutes. Father Searle says that there will be no actual transit of the comet over the sun disk according to those elements, but that a slight change might produce one.

"At any rate," he said, "it seems probable that on May 18 we shall be inside the comet's tail."

## WOMEN MISSIONARIES AT CENTRAL UNION

At the midweek meeting at the Central Union church last evening a short but interesting talk was given by Mrs. H. B. Newell of Matsuyama, Japan. Mrs. Newell told of her work there during the last twenty-one years and gave some interesting details of the settlement work among the factory girls. This work has received the endorsement of the central government and the manufacturers at Osaka, the largest manufacturing city in Japan.

Another speaker was Miss Rosemond Bates, who is a graduate of Vassar, of the class of 1908, and is on her way to Kobe, Japan, to teach in the women's Bible school there. Miss Bates gave a delightful account of how the missionaries are given their educational farewell now in America.

This evening, both those ladies will be at the social to be given and it is hoped that many ladies of the church and members of the congregation will be there to meet them. The members of the ladies society are planning some delightful features for the evening. All newcomers are cordially invited to attend.